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EMPLIB, written for use on a CDC 6000 computer operating under Scope 3, is a librarian program whose function is to maintain an active library and a separate permanent archive of program UPDATE and object files on a sequential storage device such as a magnetic tape reel. The EMPLIB librarian can perform readout or alteration of the library or archive, and also certain file-positioning actions and program object file editing.

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by
William T. Wyatt, Jr.

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U.S. ARMY MATERIEL COMMAND.
HARRY DIAMOND LABORATORIES
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1. INTRODUCTION

EMPLIB is a program written in CDC Fortran Extended and Compass for use on CDC 6000-series computers operating under Scope 3. It has been tested and run under Scopes 3.2 and 3.3, and requires about 54,200 words (octal) to load and execute. EMPLIB is a librarian program whose function is to maintain a library of frequently used program UPDATE files (called "source" files here) and program object files (called "binary" files here, i.e., the compiler or assembler object output). The term "file" is defined here as a string of data terminated by an EOF. The library is kept on a magnetic tape or other permanent sequential data storage device. EMPLIB also maintains an archive magnetic tape of program source or binary files to be saved indefinitely. The user may run the librarian program EMPLIB and cause it to perform certain library or archive functions by placing directive cards in the input card stream to be read by the librarian. These directive cards are processed sequentially, allowing library alteration, program file readout, user-assigned filenames for readin and readout functions, certain filename actions such as rewind, endfile, and skipfile, and archive additions or readout. The term "filename" is defined here as a logical file name (i.e., LGO, TAPE1, OLDPL, etc.).

2. THE LIBRARIAN

The librarian uses nine working filenames for various functions. All functions but one are assigned a one- or two-letter mnemonic and are associated by default with certain filenames which may be altered by the user during execution of the librarian. The file functions, mnemonics, default filenames, and purpose are listed below:

Function	Mnemonic	Filename	Purpose
card input	I	INPUT	Contains EMPLIB directives.
print output	O	OUTPUT	Contains printed output.
library	L	EMPLIB	Contains the program library.
archive	A	ARCHIV	Contains the program archive.
source input	SI	NEWPL	Source files read from NEWPL.
source output	SO	OLDPL	Source files written to OLDPL.
binary input	BI	LGO	Binary files read from LGO.
binary output	BO	XQT	Binary files written to XQT.
scratch	none	TAPE40	Scratch file for librarian.

All of the file functions, with the exception of the scratch function, may be assigned different filenames by use of the FILES directive described later. The filenames accessed by the librarian must all be odd-parity files as distinct from even-parity BCD files. The librarian can, of course, access an odd parity file onto which a BCD file has been copied. The terms file and binary file as used here both refer to files with odd parity. The difference between the two types of files is one of name only, and is conventionalized so that program UPDATE files are designated as source files and program object files are designated as binary files. The directives SELECT and REFUSE work properly only with binary files that are, in fact, program object files. Otherwise, any data file may be treated as a program source or binary file and manipulated by the librarian. The first file on the library filename is intended to be the librarian program object file, where it may be easily copied off and executed. (If the library tape is executed directly, the system loader will unload the tape, preventing later access to the library.) The second file contains a table of the library contents. Subsequent files are source and binary files previously placed in the library. Each file is identified in the table of contents by a name identifier, a version identifier, a mode identifier (to distinguish whether it is a source file or a binary file), and date of entry into the library. The name and version

Identifiers must be from one to ten characters with no imbedded blanks or commas. The version identifier is optional and will be all blanks if not specified by the user. The archive filename contains two data files for each source or binary file kept on it. The first is a file containing the table of contents information about the source or binary file, and the second data file is the source or binary file itself. The end of the archive is denoted by a file containing just the one word "LAST."

3. LIBRARIAN DIRECTIVES

The various functions the librarian can perform will be illustrated through their use in the following examples. The completed output is listed in Appendix A. It is assumed in the first example that the librarian object file has been copied to the filename EMPLIB (so as to allow creation of the library) and that a magnetic tape has been assigned to the filename ARCHIV. Execution of the librarian causes the filename EMPLIB to be rewound if the first directive is not a FILES directive; thus the library filename must be changed immediately if it is not to be EMPLIB.

Directives are free-field, but must have a dollar sign in column one. Directives and identifiers must be separated by blanks, unless commas are required. The librarian will copy each directive card to the print file as encountered and then add a description of any action taken. On the print file, directives can be recognized by the single dollar sign, whereas statements originated by the librarian begin with "EMPLIB \$\$."

3.1 CREATE

CREATE causes a library to be created on the filename attached to the library function. Physically, the first file is skipped on the library filename and a table of contents file is written which records the first file as "EMPLIB" and the second file as "TOC." The library must be created (establishing a table of contents) before any library additions can be performed. In fact, a table of contents is required by all but the following directives: CREATE, CREATE-ARCH, FILES, SKIP, SKIPB, HISTORY, ENDFILE, REWIND, FIND, AND FINDB. The directives SELECT and REFUSE may or may not require a table of contents. \$CREATE

3.2 CREATEARCH

CREATEARCH causes an archive to be established on the filename attached to the archive function. Physically, the hollerith word "LAST" is written on the archive. The archive must be established before any archive additions can be performed. The archive is rewound before and after the creation. \$CREATEARCH

3.3 End of librarian input

The sequence of directives is terminated by a 7-8-9 card. If the last operation on the source output or binary output filename was a write-end-of-record, the filename is EOF'd and backspaced before execution is ended. All the following directives may be given in the same or any subsequent execution of the librarian once the library has been created. The file name/versions specified must be in the library when the directive is processed by the librarian, except for new name/versions in ADD (ADDB) and RENAME (RENAMEB), and

except for the archive directive FIND (FINDB). File name/versions appearing with the FIND (FINDB) directive must already be on the archive when the directive is processed.-

3.4 ADD and ADDB

ADD ('DB) causes the source (binary) file on the source (binary) input filename to be added to the library, and assigns it to the name and version specified. The source (binary) input filename is rewound before reading is begun, unless suppressed by a NOREWIND directive (discussed later). \$ADD PROG VERS

3.5 TOC

TOC causes a table of contents of the library to be printed. \$TOC

3.6 FILES

FILES causes the file functions whose mnemonics are specified on the directive card to be reassigned different filenames. A reassignment consists of the mnemonic, one or more blanks, and the new filename, in that order. Multiple reassessments must be separated by commas. Old filenames whose last operation was a write-end-of-record are EOF'd and back-spaced before being detached from a file function when the reassignment is made. This directive may be issued even if the library has not been created. \$FILES SI OLD, BI AGO, SO NEW

3.7 SKIP and SKIPB

SKIP (SKIPB) causes the number of files specified to be skipped in a forward direction on the source (binary) input filename. Up to 999 files may be skipped with one directive. If the number of files to be skipped is not specified, one file is skipped. \$\$SKIPB 2

3.8 NOREWIND

NOREWIND suppresses the automatic rewind of the source (binary) input filename for the next (and only the next) ADD (ADDB) or CHANGE (CHANGEB) directive encountered. \$NOREWIND

3.9 CHANGE and CHANGEB

CHANGE (CHANGEB) causes the source (binary) file name/version specified to be replaced on the library by the next file encountered on the source (binary) input filename. The filename is automatically rewound before reading unless suppressed, as in this example, by a NOREWIND directive. The present data is placed in the library table of contents for the file changed. The file changed must already be in the library. \$CHANGE PROG VERS

3.10 RENAME and RENAMEB

RENAME (RENAMEB) causes the first source (binary) file name/version given on the card to be renamed in the table of contents file with the second source (binary) file name/version given on the card. The first and second file name/version must be separated by a comma. \$RENAME PROG VERS, PROGA NEWNAME

3.11 DROP and DROPB

DROP (DROPB) causes the source (binary) file name/version to be removed from the library and its entry in the table of contents file to be deleted. The first file on the library (the EMPLIB binary file) will never be dropped, since this will cause the library to be scrambled. \$DROP NEWPROG

3.12 KEEP and KEEPB

KEEP (KEEPP) causes the source (binary) file name/version specified to be added to the archive. The specified file name/version must already be in the library. Once added to the archive, a file cannot be removed from the archive by the librarian. \$KEEPP PROG VERS

3.13 HISTORY

HISTORY causes the contents of the archive to be scanned and a list of the file name/versions encountered to be printed. This directive may be processed by the librarian even if the library has not been created; only the archive need exist. \$HISTORY

3.14 RUN

RUN causes the first binary file on the library with the specified name to be copied to the binary output filename irrespective of the program version. Thus, only the program name need be specified. The terminating EOF is not copied, so further material may be copied to the binary filename to complete the desired load module. \$RUN PROG

3.15 CCPY and COPYB

COPY (COPYB) causes the source (binary) file name/version specified on the library to be copied to the source (binary) output filename. The terminating EOF is not copied, just as for the RUN directive. \$COPY PROGA NEWNAME

3.16 SELECT

SELECT causes the specified binary file name/version on the library to be scanned for the named object programs or subprograms, which are copied as encountered to the binary output filename with no terminating EOF. On the directive card the binary file name/version must be the first identifiers after the SELECT word, followed by a comma, and then followed by the program or subprogram names separated by commas. If the file name/version is

omitted so that the next non-blank character after the directive is a comma, the next file on the binary input filename will be scanned for the named programs and subprograms; this action does not require a table of contents. If the last non-blank character on the card is a comma, continuation cards will be read until the final non-blank card character is not a comma. Continuation cards must not contain a dollar sign in column one, and must contain information in columns one through 79 only. Up to 100 program or subprogram names may be specified in the directive. A list of all object routines encountered and their selection or refusal is printed. The largest object routine that can be processed by SELECT or REFUSE must be less than 6000 words long. A statement of the maximum size processed is printed at end of execution. \$SELECT PROG VERS, ISO, SPLITR, SPLITC.

\$SELECT, ISO, SPLITR, SPLITC.

3.17 REFUSE

REFUSE causes the same action as SELECT, except that specified object program and subprogram names are not copied to the binary output filename and all others encountered are copied. Empty records are not copied. Up to 100 names may be specified for refusal. If the file name/version is omitted, the binary input filename will be processed instead. \$REFUSE PROG VERS, ISO, SPLITR, SPLITC

3.18 ENDFILE

ENDFILE causes the file function whose mnemonic is specified to have an EOF written on the filename assigned to the file function. Only one file function may be specified on the directive card and only the file functions BO and SO may be endfiled with this directive.

\$ENDFILE FC

3.19 REWIND

REWIND causes the file function whose mnemonic is specified to have its assigned filename rewound. If information had been written to the filename, end-of-information terminators are written to the filename before it is rewound. The file functions I,O, and L cannot be rewound with this directive. \$REWIND SO

3.20 FIND and FINDB

FIND (FINDB) causes the archive to be searched for the source (binary) file name/version specified, which is then copied to the source (binary) output filename. No EOF is written, just as for the COPY (COPYB) directive. The directives FIND and FINDB may be processed by the librarian even if the library has not been created; only the archive is required to exist. \$FINDB PROG VERS

3.21 REPLACE and REPLACEB

REPLACE (REPLACEB) causes the source (binary) file name/version specified to be replaced on the library on the next file encountered on the source (binary) input filename, and given a new name/version label. This combines the functions of CHANGE (CHANGEB) and REPLACE (REPLACEB). The directive format is the same as for the RENAME (RENAMEB) directive. The source (binary) input filename is rewound before reading is begun, unless suppressed by a NOREWIND directive.

4. LIBRARIAN ERROR MESSAGES

When the librarian detects an error involving the directive card being processed, a message describing the nature of the error is printed and the rest of the librarian card input file is copied to the print output file, after which execution is terminated by a call to the nonexistent subroutine ABORT which causes a mode one (address-out-of-range) error termination.

Terminators are assured to be on any source or binary output filename if the filename has been written on, just as for a normal termination.

If another kind of error is detected, an informative message is printed and execution is terminated immediately with a CALL ABORT. Terminators are not assured for filenames assigned to output functions at the time the error was detected.

4.1 Directive format errors

The following errors use the ABORT termination after checking file terminators:

1. Missing or misplaced dollar sign on directive card. The dollar sign must be in column one.
2. Improper directive. A directive cannot be found on the card.
3. Unrecognizable directive. The specified directive is not familiar to the librarian.
4. Directive requires a table of contents. The specified directive requires a created library when none exists.
5. Missing program filename. A program file name cannot be found on the card when one is required.
6. Program file name too long. The specified program file name is longer than 10 characters.
7. Program file version too long. The specified program file version is longer than 10 characters.
8. Program file name/version not in table of contents. The specified name/version is not on the library and the directive cannot be executed.
9. Adding file already in table of contents. The specified name/version/mode is already in the library; a unique name/version/mode must be specified.
10. Missing comma. A needed comma is missing between the old name/version and the new name/version on a RENAME, RENAMEB, REPLACE, or REPLACEB directive.
11. Word is too long. A word is longer than 10 characters on a FILES directive card. In fact, SCOPE can handle filenames only up to seven characters long, so care should be taken not to use 8, 9, or 10 character filenames.
12. Unrecognized file type. The file function type specified is not recognized.
13. More than 100 record names. Too many program and subprogram names are listed in a SELECT or REFUSE directive.
14. Illegal file type. A file function type cannot be found on the directive card.
15. Illegal directive for the file type. The directive is not allowed for the file function type specified.

16. Illegal number. Unrecognizable number on a SKIP or SKIPB card; 999 is the maximum allowed.
17. Program file name/version not on archive. The name/version specified by a FIND or FINDB directive is not in the archive.

4.2 Other errors

The following errors cause an immediate CALL ABORT termination:

1. KEEP read parity error. A read parity error occurred while reading the library for a KEEP or KEEPB directive.
2. KEEP write parity error. A write parity error occurred while writing to the archive for a KEEP or KEEPB directive. The former contents of the archive are intact, but an end-of-archive record no longer exists.
3. FIND read error. A read parity error occurred while reading the archive for a FIND or FINDB directive.
4. HISTORY read error. A read parity error occurred while reading the archive for a HISTORY directive.
5. GETTOC parity error. A read parity error occurred while the librarian was trying to read the table of contents file.
6. Empty file. The filename specified as the location of a program file was empty.
7. CPYFIL read parity error. A read parity error occurred while the librarian was skipping a file.
8. I/O error in CPYBUF. An I/O error occurred while the librarian was copying a file.
9. End-of-information encountered. An EOI was encountered while trying to copy a file; i.e., the filename was short-terminated.
10. TOC write parity error in FFWFIL. A write parity error occurred while the librarian was writing the table-of-contents file to the library for a library alteration directive.
11. Read error in CPYREC. A read parity error occurred while the librarian was reading or binary input filename during processing of a SELECT or REFUSE directive.
12. Write error in CPYREC. A write parity error occurred while the librarian was copying a program or subprogram record to the binary output filename during processing of a SELECT or REFUSE directive.

5. USER HINTS

The following information will be useful to the EMPLIB user.

5.1 List of directives

PROG and PROGA are program file names, and VERS and VERSA are program file versions in the following examples. Items enclosed in parenthesis are optional. An asterisk denotes the file is rewound before reading unless suppressed by a NOREWIND directive.

<u>Input</u>	<u>Output</u>	<u>Directive</u>
L	L	\$CREATE
	A	\$CREATEARCH
SI*	L	\$ADD PROG (VERS)
BI*	L	\$ADDB PROG (VERS)
L		\$TOC
		\$FILES BI ABC, A PQR7826
SI		\$SKIP (5)
BI		\$SKIPB (999)
		\$NOREWIND
SI*	L	\$CHANGE PROG (VERS)
BI*	L	\$CHANGEB PROG (VERS)
L	L	\$RENAME PROG (VERS), PROGA (VERS)
L	L	\$RENAMEB PROG (VERS), PROGA (VERS)
L	L	\$DROP PROG (VERS)
L	L	\$DROPB PROG (VERS)
L	A	\$KEEP PROG (VERS)
L	A	\$KEEPB PROG (VERS)
A		\$HISTORY
L	BO	\$RUN PROG
L	SO	\$COPY PROG (VERS)
L	BO	\$COPYB PROG (VERS)
L	BO	\$SELECT PROG (VERS), SUBA, SUBB, SUBC
BI	BO	\$SELECT, SUBA, SUBB, SUBC
L	BO	\$REFUSE PROG (VERS), SUBA, SUBB, SUBC
BI	BO	\$REFUSE, SUBA, SUBB, SUBC
	BO or SO	\$ENDFILE BO
All but I,O,L		\$REWIND SI
A	SO	\$FIND PROG (VERS)
A	BO	\$FINDB PROG (VERS)
SI*	L	\$REPLACE PROG (VERS), PROGA (VERS)
SI*	L	\$REPLACEB PROG (VERS), PROGA (VERS)

All directives except CREATE which use the library (L) as input or output require a created library. All directives except CREATEARCH which use the archive (A) as input or output require a created archive.

5.2 File Actions

The librarian checks the first directive encountered and, if it is not FILES directive, rewinds the library (which has the filename EMPLIB) and looks to see if a table of contents exists. If it is a FILES directive, rewinding the library file is deferred to just prior to processing the next directive.

All directives which use the library as output cause the entire library to be copied to the scratch filename TAPE40 and recopied in its modified form back to the library filename. If the library is of substantial length and if more than one or two directives of this kind are to

be processed, much PP time will be saved if the library tape is copied to a disk filename before librarian execution and then recopied from the disk filename back to the library tape after librarian execution. The library filename must be the disk filename, of course. This also helps protect the library tape from write parity errors.

A good practice is periodically to copy the entire library and the entire archive to a backup library tape and a backup archive tape, to avoid loss of program files if the first-line copies are impaired by permanent parity errors.

If the library is of short length, it may be practical to have the library reside on a permanent disk file instead of on a magnetic tape. The archive will generally be too large for this, however.

5.3 Examples of usage

Although it would not be possible to illustrate all the possible uses of the EMPLIB librarian, a few examples will be useful to convey the flexibility and simplicity of the program. The examples are for a Scope 3.3 system. All TOC directives are optional, but are recommended.

1. Update, compilation of changes, and execution.

```
JOB, CM54000, TP1
REQUEST, EMPLIB, (540/NORING)
COPYFF (EMPLIB, LIB, 1)
LIB.
RETURN (EMPLIB)
UPDATE (P)
FTN (I=COMPLE)
REWIND (XQT)
COPYBF (XQT, LGO, 1)
LGO.
7-8-9
$TOC
$COPY NEPHI CORRQ
$REFUSE NEPHI CORRQ, PHOTON, GROUND
7-8-9
(Update input with changes for subroutines PHOTON and GROUND.)
7-8-9
(Input data.)
6-7-8-9
```

This could also be accomplished by the following cards between the FTN card and UPDATE input cards:

```
LGO.
7-8-9
$TOC
$FILES BO LGO
$COPY NEPHI CORRQ
$REFUSE NEPHI CORRQ, PHOTON, GROUND
7-8-9
```

2. Update, compilation of changes, and alteration of library.

```
JOB, CM54000, TP1.  
REQUEST, EMPLIB (540/RING)  
COPYBF (EMPLIB, LIB, 1)  
LIB.  
UPDATE (P, N, W) (W makes new UPDATE library sequential.)  
FTN (I = COMPILE)  
LIB.  
UNLOAD (EMPLIB)  
. -8-9  
$TOC  
$COPY NEPHI CORRQ  
$FILES BO LGO  
$REFUSE NEPHI CORRQ, PHOTON, GROUND  
7-8-9  
(Update input with changes for subroutines PHOTON and GROUND.)  
7-8-9  
$DROP NEPHI CORRQ  
$DROPB NEPHI CORRQ  
$ADD NEPHI CORRR  
$ADDB NEPHI CORRR  
$TOC  
6-7-8-9
```

More efficient use of the greater speed of disk files would be made by using the following control cards in the previous example:

```
JOB CM54000, TP1.  
REQUEST, ZAP. (540/RING)  
COPYBF (ZAP, EMPLIB, 100) (less than 100 files on ZAP)  
EMPLIB.  
UPDATE (P,N,W)  
FTN (I = COMPILE)  
EMPLIB.  
REWIND (EMPLIB, ZAP)  
CCOPYBF (EMPLIB, ZAP, LGO)  
UNLOAD (ZAP)  
7-8-9
```

3. Execution of one program.

```
JOB, CM54000, TP1.  
REQUEST, EMPLIB (540/NORING.)  
COPYBF (EMPLIB, LIB, 1)  
LIB.  
RETURN (EMPLIB)  
RFL,100000.  
REDUCE.  
XQT.  
7-8-9  
$RUN NEPHI  
7-8-9
```

(Input data for NEPHI.)

6-7-8-9

4. Execution of several programs.

```
JOB, CM54000, TP1.  
REQUEST, EMPLIB (540/NORING.)  
COPYBF (EMPLIB, LIB, 1)  
LIB.  
RETURN (EMPLIB)  
XQT.  
NEXT.  
LAST.  
7-8-9  
$TOC  
$COPYB PROG FIRST  
$FILES BO NEXT  
$RUN PROGSEC  
$FILES BO LAST  
$RUN PROGFIN  
7-8-9  
(Data for PROG/FIRST.)  
7-8-9  
(Data for PROGSEC.)  
7-8-9  
(Data for PROGFIN.)  
6-7-8-9
```

Appendix A. SAMPLE OUTPUT

EMPLO 988 THE DATE IS 10/21/71 AND THE WORK FILES ARE
BINARY INPUT = XQT BINARY INPUT = LG01
SOURCE OUTPUT = CLOP1 SOURCE INPUT = MEHPL
EMP LIBRARY = EMPLIB ARCHIVE = ARCHIV
EMPLIB OUTPUT = OUTPUT EMPLIB INPUT = INPUT

SCREATE
EMPLO 988 TOC MISSING ON EMPLIB.
EMPLIB 988 CREATED EMPLIB ON FILE NAMED EMPLIB.

SCREATEARCH
EMPLIB 988 CREATED ARCHIVE ON FILE NAMED ARCHIV.

EMPLIB 988 FINISHED 988

4	PROG	VERS	VERS	10/29/71	BINARY
	\$ KEEPS PROG VERS 4TH FILE (BINARY PROG FROM 10/29/71) FROM EMPL10 ON ARCHIV FILE.				
	EMPL10 SSS KEPT 1 SOURCE AND BINARY FILES NOW KEPT ON ARCHIV FILE.				
	SKEEP PROG MENAME				
	EMPL10 SSS KEPT 1TH FILE (SOURCE PROGA MENAME 10/29/71) FROM EMPL10 ON ARCHIV FILE.				
	2 SOURCE AND BINARY FILES NOW KEPT ON ARCHIV FILE.				
	SHISTORY				
	EMPL10 SSS HISTORY OF ARCHIV				
	KEEP NO. 1 PROG VERS 10/29/71 BINARY				
	KEEP NO. 2 PROGA MENAME 10/29/71 SOURCE				
	SRUN PROG				
	EMPL10 SSS COPIED 4TH FILE (BINARY PROG VERS 10/29/71) FROM EMPL10 TO XOT FILE.				
	SCOPY PROG MENAME				
	EMPL10 SSS COPIED 3TH FILE (SOURCE PROGA MENAME 10/29/71) FROM EMPL10 TO NEW FILE.				
	SELECT PROG VERS 150, SPLITR, SPLITC				
	EMPL10 SSS COPYING THE FOLLOWING BINARY RECORDS ONTO XOT FROM THE 4TH FILE (BINARY PROG VERS 10/29/71) ON EMPL10.				
	SELECTED REFUSED				
150	PLOTR LLL				
	SPLITR SPLITC				
	QUBFIT FINGER LOADVAL REDTC RITETC RTRAN DRTRAN RITRAN REDRAN BLANKS EXPON LINES				
	-END OF COPY-				
	SREFUSE PROG VERS 150, SPLITR, SPLITC				
	EMPL10 SSS COPY TO THE PLOTMING JHAN. ALUWE- CHIU AUT FROM THE 4TH FILE (BINARY PROG VFRS 10/29/71) ON EMPL10.				
	SELECTED REFUSED				
150	PLOTR LLL				
	SPLITR SPLITC				
	QUBFIT FINGER LOADVAL REDTC RITETC RTRAN DRTRAN RITRAN REDRAN BLANKS EXPON				

LINES -END OF COPY-

SENDFILE BO
EMP10 999 EMDFILED BO FILE NAMED X0T
SRENWDO 50
EMP10 999 REWIND0 50 FILE NAMED NEW
SFILE BO BGO
EMP10 999 MADE BINARY OUTPUT FILE BGO
SFILE PROG VERS
EMP10 999 1TH FILE FOUND 1BINARY PROG
EMP10 999 COPIED FILE FOUND TO BGO
SFILE BO CGO, 51 BGO
EMP10 999 MADE BINARY OUTPUT FILE CGO
EMP10 999 MADE BINARY INPUT FILE BGO
SRENWDO 51
EMP10 999 REWIND0 51 FILE NAMED BGO
SELECT 'ISO50 SPLITR, SPLITC
EMP10 999 COPPIING THE FOLLOWING BINARY RECORDS ONTO CGO
FROM BGO
SELECTED
REFUSED
ISO
PLOTR
LLL
SPLITR
SPLITC
QUBFIT
FINGER
LOOVAL
REDETIC
RITFC
ASTRN
ONPRIN
RITRIN
REDRAN
BLANKS
EXPON
LINES
-END OF COPY-

EMP10 999 MAXIMUM RECORD LENGTH PROCESSSED FOR SELECT-REFUSE WAS 2030. 999 IS MAXIMUM ALLOWED.
EMP10 999 FINISHED 999

Appendix B. PROGRAM LISTING

PROGRAM EMPLIB

CDC 6600 FTN V3.0-P292 OPT=1 04

```

PROGRAM EMPLIB(XQT,OLDPL,LGO,EMPLIB=4000B,ARCHIV,INPUT=1000B,OUTPU
'T=1000B,NEWPL,TAPE40,TAPE1=XQT,TAPE2=OLDPL,TAPE3=LGO,TAPE4=EMPLIB,
'TAPE5=ARCHIV,TAPE6=INPUT,TAPE7=OUTPUT,TAPE8=NEWPL)
COMMON /MXC/MX
5   COMMON //LMAX,A(6000)
COMMON /ARGS/NAME,IVERS,NAMOLD,IVOLD,NREC,NAMREC(100),JTOC,LASTF,
'IARCH
DIMENSION CAR0(80),TOC(4,50),MODE(2)
COMMON /FILES/FILNAM(9),FETS(9),X(1)
10  DIMENSION CHAR(29)
INTEGER TOC,OLDATE,DDITE,A,CHAR,DOL,CARD,FILNAM
INTEGER X,FETS
DATA CHAR/3HRUN,4HCOPY,5HCOPYB,6HCHANGE,7HCHANGER,3HADD,4HADDB,4HD
'ROP,5HDROPB,3HTOC,4HKCP,5HKEEPB,6HCREATE,4HFIND,5HFINDB,7HHISTORY
',6HRENAME,7HRENAMEP,6HREFUSE,6HSELECT,5HFILES,6HREWIND,7HENDFILE,
15  '6HNOREWIND,4HSKIP,5HSKIPB,10HCREATEARCH,7HREPLACE,8HREPLACEB/,NCHA
'R/29/
DATA DOL/1H$/ ,MODE/SHSOURCE,6H BINARY/,LASTH/4HLAST/
LMAX=6000
20  MX=0
NOREW=0
IFLAG=0
JTOC=0
LASTF=0
25  IARCH=0
IRS=0
JCK=0
IFIRST=3
CALL FTMBIN(0,0)
30  CALL DATE(DDATE)
CALL GETFIL
PRINT 1,DDATE,FILNAM(1),FILNAM(3),FILNAM(2),FILNAM(8),FILNAM(4),F
'LNAME(5),FILNAM(7),FILNAM(6)
35  1  FORMAT(*1EMPLIB $S$ THE DATE IS *,A10,* AND THE WORK FILES ARE*/
'*10X,*BINARY OUTPUT = *,A7,10X,*BINARY INPUT = *,A7,/10X,*SOURCE 0
*UTPUT = *,A7,10X,*SOURCE INPUT = *,A7/10X,*EMP LIBRARY = *,A7,1
*0X,*ARCHIVE KEEP = *,A7/10X,*EMPLIB CUTPUT = *,A7,10X,*EMPLIB INP
*UT = *,A7)
13  CONTINUE
40  READ 2,CARD
2  FORMAT(30A1)
IF(EOF(6).NE.0) GO TO 1000
IF(CARD(1).EQ.DOL) GO TO 20
PRINT 3
45  3  FORMAT(*0EMPLIB $S$ INVALID CONTROL CARD FOLLOWS, JOB WILL BE ABOR
*TED AFTER READING INPUT FILE.*)
IFLAG=1
2)  PRINT 4,CARD
4  FORMAT(1H0,8U1)
50  IF(IFLAG.NE.0) GO TO 10
IF(IFIRST.NE.0) GO TO 2500
I=1
CALL NEXTWD(CARD(2),I,J,K)
IF(K.NE.0.OR.J.NE.CHAR(21)) GO TO 2500
IFIRST=1
55

```

PROGRAM E4PLIB

CDC 6600 FTN V3.0-P292 OPT=1 04

```
      GO TO 30
2500  CONTINUE
      IF(JTOC.NE.0) GO TO 30
      CALL GETTOC(TOC,NFILES,JCR)
      IF(JCR.EQ.1.AND.JTOC.EQ.0) PRINT 17,FILNAM(4)
      17  FORMAT(* E4PLIB $$$ TOC MISSING ON *,A7,*.)
      JTOC=1
      IF(JCR.EQ.1) JTOC=-1
      REWIND 4
      65  LASTF=0
      30  CALL ISIT(CHAR,CARD(2),NCHAR,JUMP,TFILE,TOC,ODATE,JCR,FILNAM)
      IF(JUMP.NE.0) GO TO 40
      PRINT 19
      19  FORMAT(* E4PLIB $$$ WILL ABORT AFTER READING INPUT FILE.*)
      70  IFLAG=1
      GO TO 10
      40  CONTINUE
      GO TO (60,60,60,70,70,80,80,90,90,100,110,110,150,160,160,210,230,
      *230,240,240,10,10,10,250,260,260,270,280,280),JUMP
      75  60  CONTINUE
      CALL POSFIL(4,LASTF,IFILE)
      K=1
      IF(JUMP.EQ.2) K=2
      CALL CPYFIL(4,K,0)
      61  LASTF=IFILE
      J=TOC(4,IFILE)
      PRINT 6,IFILE,MODE(J),(TOC(I,IFILE),I=1,3),FILNAM(4),FILNAM(K)
      6  FORMAT(* E4PLIB $$$ COPIED *,I2,*TH FILE (*,A7,3A10,*) FROM *,A7,*
      * TO *,A7,* FILE.*)
      85  GO TO 10
      73  CONTINUE
      C CHANGE AND CHANGER
      L=7HCHANGED
      NAMOLD=TOC(1,IFILE)
      IVOLD=TOC(2,IFILE)
      90  75  CONTINUE
      OLDATE=TOC(3,IFILE)
      TOC(3,IFILE)=ODATE
      REWIND 4
      95  REWIND 40
      CALL CPYFIL(4,40,NFILES)
      J=8
      IF(JUMP.EQ.5.OR.JUMP.EQ.29) J=3
      IF(NOREW.EQ.0) REWIND J
      NOREW=0
      CALL NEWFIL(NFILES,TOC,IFILE,J)
      LASTF=0
      K=TOC(4,IFILE)
      PRINT 7,L,IFILE,MODE(K),NAMOLD,IVOLD,OLDATE,MODE(K),(
      *TOC(I,IFILE),I=1,3),FILNAM(4),FILNAM(J)
      105  7  FORMAT(* E4PLIB $$$ *,A9,      I2,*TH FILE (WAS *,A7,3A10,*, IS NOW
      * *,A7,3A10,*)*20X,*ON *,A7,* USING CONTENTS OF *,A7,* FILE.*)
      GO TO 10
      80  CONTINUE
      110  C ADD AND ADDB
```

PROGRAM

EMPLIB

CDC 6600 FTN V3.0-P292 OPT=1 04

```
        J=8
        IF(JUMP.EQ.7) J=3
        REWIND 4
        REWIND 40
115      IF(NOREW.EQ.0) RE4IND J
        NOREW=0
        CALL CPYFIL(4,40,NFILES)
        NFILES=IFILE
        CALL NEWFIL(NFILES,TOC,NFILES,J)
        LASTF=0
        K=TOC(4,IFILE)
        PRINT 8,IFILE,MODE(K),(TOC(I,IFILE),I=1,3),FILNAM(4),FILNAM(J)
3       FORMAT(* EMPLIB $$$ ADDED *,I2,*TH FILE (*,A7,3A10,*) TO *,A7,* FR
        '0M *,A7,* FILE.*')
125      GO TO 10
        90      CONTINUE
        C  DROP AND DROPB
        REWIND 4
        REWIND 40
130      CALL CPYFIL(4,40,NFILES)
        J=TOC(4,IFILE)
        PRINT 9,IFILE,MODE(J),(TOC(I,IFILE),I=1,3),FILNAM(4)
        J=TOC(4,2)-1
        TOC(4,2)=J
135      IF(J.EQ.IFILE-1) GO TO 96
        DO 95 I=IFILE,J
        DO 95 K=1,4
        TOC(K,I)=TOC(K,I+1)
        95      CONTINUE
140      96      CONTINUE
        CALL NEWFIL(NFILES,TOC,IFILE,0)
        LASTF=0
        NFILES=NFILES-1
        9       FORMAT(* EMPLIB $$$ DROPPED *,I2,*TH FILE (*,A7,3A10,*) FROM *,A7,
        '**')
        GO TO 10
145      100     CONTINUE
        C  TOC
        PRINT 11,FILNAM(4)
150      11      FORMAT(* EMPLIB $$$ TABLE OF CONTENTS OF *,A7)
        DO 105 I=1,NFILES
        IF(I.EQ.2) GO TO 104
        K=TCC(4,I)
        PRINT 31,I,(TOC(J,I),J=1,3),MODE(K)
155      31      FORMAT(I2U,4(10X,A10))
        GO TO 105
104      CONTINUE
        PRINT 32,(TOC(J,I),J=1,4)
160      32      FORMAT(20X,3(10X,A10),I5,* FILES ON LIBRARY*)
        105     CONTINUE
        GO TO 10
        C  KEEP AND KEEPB
110      K=FETS(S)
        J=2*IARCH
        IF(IARCH.NE.0) GO TO 120
```

PROGRAM EMPLIB

COC 6600 FTN V3.0-P292 OPT=1 04

```
I=0
REWIND 5
120 BUFFER IN(5,1) (A,A(2))
I=I+1
IF(UNIT(5)) 130,125,2000
125 I=0
J=J+1
GO TO 120
130 IF(LENGTH(5).NE.1) GO TO 120
IF(A(1).NE.LASTH) GO TO 120
IARCH=J/2
140 CALL SKIPB(X(K),1)
CALL POSFIL(4,LASTF,IFILE)
BUFFER OUT(5,1) (TOC(1,IFILE),TOC(4,IFILE))
IF(UNIT(5).GE.0) GO TO 2010
ENDFILE 5
CALL CPYFIL(4,5,1)
LASTF=IFILE
BUFFER OUT(5,1) (LASTH,LASTH)
IF(UNIT(5).GE.0) GO TO 2010
BACKSPACE 5
IARCH=IARCH+1
I=IARCH
J=TOC(4,IFILE)
PRINT 12,IFILE,MODE(J),TOC(K,IFILE),K=1,3),FILNAM(4),FILNAM(5),I,
'FILNAM(5)
12 FORMAT(" EMPLIB $$$ KEPT *,I2,*TH FILE (*,A7,3A10,*) FROM *,A7,* 0
*N *,A7,* FILE.*/I20,* SOURCE AND BINARY FILES NOW KEPT ON *,A7,* F
'ILE.*")
195 GO TO 10
150 CONTINUE
C CREATE
REWIND 4
CALL CPYFIL(4,40,1)
CALL NEWFIL(1,TOC,0,0)
REWIND 4
LASTF=8
PRINT 16,FILNAM(4) .
16 FORMAT(" EMPLIB $$$ CREATED EMPLIB ON FILE NAMED *,A7,*,*")
JTOC=0
GO TO 10
160 CONTINUE
C FIND AND FINDB
IARCH=0
REWIND 5
I=0
M=1
IF(JUMP.EQ.15) M=2
J=1
215 170 BUFFER IN(5,1) (A,A(4))
I=I+1
IF(UNIT(5)) 190,180,2020
180 I=0
J=J+1
GO TO 170
```

PROGRAM EMPLIB CUC 6600 FTN V3.0-P292 OPT=1 04

```

190  L=LENGTH(5)
200  IF(A1).NE.LASTH.OR.L.NE.1) GO TO 200
21   PRINT 21,MODE(M),NAME,IVERS,FILNAH(5)
22   FORMAT(* EMPLIB $$$ FILE SOUGHT (*,A7,2A10,*) IS NOT ON *,A7,*.*)
225  IFLAG=1
230  GO TO 10
235  IF(L.NE.4) GO TO 170
240  IF(M.NE.A(4).OR.NAME.NE.A(1).OR.IVERS.NE.A(2)) GO TO 170
245  I=J/2+1
250  PRINT 22,I,MODE(M),A(1),A(2),A(3),FILNAH(5)
255  FORMAT(* EMPLIB $$$ *,I2,*TH FILE FOUND (*,A7,3A10,*) ON *,A7,*.*)
260  BUFFER IN(5,1) (A,A)
265  IF(UNIT(5).NE.0) GO TO 2020
270  M=3-M
275  CALL CPYFIL(5,M,0)
280  PRINT 23,FILNAH(M)
285  FORMAT(* EMPLIB $$$ COPIED FILE FOUND TO *,A7,*.*)
290  IARCH=I
295  GO TO 10
300  210  CONTINUE
305  C HISTORY
310  PRINT 25,FILNAH(5)
315  FORMAT(* EMPLIB $$$ HISTORY OF *,A7)
320  REWIND 5
325  I=0
330  I=I+1
335  IARCH=I-1
340  BUFFER IN(5,1) (A,A(4))
345  IF(UNIT(5).GE.0) GO TO 2030
350  IF(LENGTH(5).NE.1.OR.A(1).NE.LASTH) GO TO 225
355  BACKSPACE 5
360  GO TO 10
365  225  CONTINUE
370  K=A(4)
375  PRINT 26,I,(A(J),J=1,3),MODE(K)
380  FORMAT(21X,*KEEP 40.,*,I4,1JX,4A10)
385  BUFFER IN(5,1) (A,A)
390  IF(UNIT(5).NE.0) GO TO 2030
395  CALL CPYFIL(5,0,1)
400  GO TO 220
405  230  CONTINUE
410  C RENAME AND RENAMEB
415  REWIND 4
420  REWIND 40
425  CALL CPYFIL(4,40,NFILES)
430  CALL NEWFIL(NFILES,TOC,0,0)
435  LASTF=0
440  K=TOC(4,IFILE)
445  PRINT 28,IFILE,MODE(K),NAME0,IVOLD,TOC(3,IFILE),MODE(K),(TOC(I,IF
450  'ILE),I=1,3)
455  FORMAT(* EMPLIB $$$ RENAMED *,I2,*TH FILE (WAS *,A7,3A10,*, IS NOW
460  ' *,A7,3A10,*,*)
465  GO TO 10
470  240  CONTINUE
475  C REFUSE AND SELECT

```

PROGRAM EMPLIB

CDC 6600 FTN V3.0-P292 OPT=1 04

```
IRS=1
IF(IFILE.EQ.0) GO TO 245
CALL POSFIL(4, LASTF, IFILE)
K=TOC(4, IFILE)
280      PRINT 29, FILNAM(1), IFILE, MODE(K), (TOC(I, IFILE), I=1,3), FILNAM(4)
29       FORMAT(* EMPLIB $$$ COPYING THE FOLLOWING BINARY RECORDS ONTO *,A7
',* FROM THE *,I2,*TH FILE (*,A7,3A10,*) ON *,A7,*.*//45X,*SELECTED
*,7X,*REFUSED*)
K=NREC
285      IF(JUMP.EQ.20) K=-K
CALL CPYREC(4,1,NAMREC,K)
LASTF=IFILE
GO TO 10
245      CONTINUE
290      PRINT 36, FILNAM(1), FILNAM(3)
36       FORMAT(* EMPLIB $$$ COPYING THE FOLLOWING BINARY RECORDS ONTO *,A7
',* FROM *,A7.*//45X,*SELECTED*,7X,*REFUSED*)
K=NREC
IF(JUMP.EQ.20) K=-K
295      CALL CPYREC(3,1,NAMREC,K)
GO TO 10
250      CONTINUE
C NOREWIND
NOREW=1
300      GO TO 10
260      CONTINUE
C SKIP AND SKIPB
I=8
IF(JUMP.EQ.26) I=3
305      CALL CPYFIL(I,0,IFILE)
PRINT 33, IFILE, FILNAM(I)
33       FORMAT(* EMPLIB $$$ SKIPPED*,I4,* FILES ON *,A7,*.*)
GO TO 10
270      CONTINUE
310      C CREATEARCH
REWIND 5
IARCH=0
A(1)=4HLAST
BUFFER OUT(5,1) (A,A)
315      IF(UNIT(5).GE.0.0) GO TO 2010
REWIND 5
PRINT 35, FILNAM(5)
35       FORMAT(* EMPLIB $$$ CREATED .XCHIVE ON FILE NAMED *,A7,*.*)
GO TO 10
320      280      CONTINUE
C REPLACE AND REPLACEB
L=8HREPLACED
GO TO 75
1000     CONTINUE
M=LMAX-1
IF(IRS.NE.0) PRINT 34,MX,M
34       FORMAT(*0EMPLIB $$$ MAXIMUM RECORD LENGTH PROCESSED FOR SELECT-REF
*USE WAS*,IS,*.*,16,* IS MAXIMUM ALLOWED.*)
IF(IFLAG.EQ.0) PRINT 13
330      13       FORMAT(*0EMPLIB $$$ FINISHED $$$*)
```

PROGRAM EMPLIB CDC 6600 FTN V3.0-P292 OPT=1 04

```
REWIND 4
DO 1010 J=1,2
I=FETS(J)
IF((X(I).AND.508).NE.20) GO TO 1010
ENDFILE J
CALL SKIP8(X(I),0)
1010 CONTINUE
IF(IFLAG.EQ.0) STOP
PRINT 18
340 18 FORMAT(*0EMPLIB $$$ ABORTING $$$$)
CALL ABORT
2000 CONTINUE
PRINT 14,I,J,FILNAM(5)
14 FORMAT(* EMPLIB $$$ KEEP READ PARITY ERROR ON*,IS,*TH RECORD ON*,I
*3,*TH FILE ON *,A7,*.*)
CALL ABORT
2010 CONTINUE
PRINT 15,FILNAM(5)
15 FORMAT(* EMPLIB $$$ KEEP WRITE PARITY ERROR ON *,A7,*.*)
CALL ABORT
2020 CONTINUE
PRINT 24,FILNAM(5)
24 FORMAT(* EMPLIB $$$ FIND READ ERROR ON *,A7,*.*)
CALL ABORT
350 2930 CONTINUE
PRINT 27,FILNAM(5)
27 FORMAT(* EMPLIB $$$ HISTORY READ ERROR ON *, A7,*.*)
CALL ABORT
END
```

SUBROUTINE GETTOC

CDC 6600 FTA V3.0-P270 LPT-1 03

```
      SUBROUTINE GETTOC(TOC,NFILES,JCR)
      DIMENSION TOC(4,50)
      REWIND 4
      JCR=0
 5      CALL CPYFIL(4,0,1)
      BUFFER IN(4,1) (TOC,TOC(4,50))
      IF(UNIT(4)) 10,20,100
      10      NFILES=LENGTH(4)/4
      RFTURN
 10      20      NFILES=2
      JCR=1
      RETURN
 100     PRINT 1
 1      FORMAT(* EMPLIB $$$ GETTOC PARITY ERROR*)
      CALL ABORT
 15      END
```

SUBROUTINE CPYFIL

CDC 6600 FTN V3.0-P270 OPT=1 01

```
      SUBROUTINE CPYFIL(IIN,IOUT,NF)
      COMMGR //LMAX,A(1)
      COMMCR /FILES/FILNAM(9),FETS(9),X(1)
      INTEGER FILNAM,FETS,X
      IF(IOLT.GT.0) GO TO 30
      DO 20 I=1,NF
      5      BUFFER IN(IIN,1) (A,A)
      IF(UNIT(IIN)) 10,20,200
      10     CONTINUE
      20     RETURN
      10     CONTINUE
      15     LMX=512*(LMAX/512)
      JIN=MINO(9,IIN)
      JOUT=MINO(9,IOUT)
      J=FETS(JIN)
      K=FETS(JOUT)
      DO 40 I=1,NF
      30     CONTINUE
      35     CALL CPYBUF(A,A(LMX+2),X(J),X(K),IER)
      IF(IER.NE.1) GO TO 36
      IF(I.NE.1) GO TO 400
      PRINT 3,FILNAM(IIN)
      3      FORMAT(* EMPLIB $$$ *,A7,* INITIALLY POSITIONED AT END-OF-INFORMAT
      'ION, EMPLIE ABORTIVE-')
      25     CALL ABORT
      36     CONTINUE
      IF(IER.NE.0) GO TO 300
      IF(NF.GT.0) ENDFILF IOUT
      40     CONTINUE
      30     RETURN
      200    CONTINUE
      PRINT 1,I,FILNAM(JIN)
      1      FORMAT(* EMPLIE $$$ CPYFIL READ PARITY ERROR IN*,I3,*TH FILE (FROM
      ' START OF CCPY) ON *,A7,*.*)
```

35 CALL ABRT

```
      300    CONTINUE
      PRINT 2,FILNAM(JIN),FILNAM(JOUT),I,IER
      2      FORMAT(* EMPLIE $$$ I/O ERROR IN CPYBUF WHILE COPYING *,A8,*TC *,A
      '7,*, FILE NUMBER*,I3/20X,*ERROR CODE IN OCTAL IS *,C20)
      CALL ABRT
      400    CONTINUE
      PRINT 5,FILNAM(JIN),I,NF
      5      FORMAT(* EMPLIE $$$ END-OF-INFORMATION ENCONTERED COPYING*,I3,*TH
      ' OF*,I3,* FILES (FROM START OF CCPY) ON *,A7,*.*)
```

45 CALL ABRT

```
      END
```

SUBROUTINE GETFIL

CDC 6600 FTN V3.0-P270 OPT=1 0

```
      SUBROUTINE GETFIL
      COMMON /FILES/FILENAM(9),FETS(9),X(1)
      INTEGER FILENAM,FETS,X
      DATA MASK/77777778/
      5      L=LOCF(X)
      DO 10 I=1,9
      J=2-L+I
      FILENAM(I)=X(J)
      J=FILENAM(I),AND,MASK
      10     FETS(I)=J-L+1
      CONTINUE
      RETURN
      END
```

SUBROUTINE SNAPFIL

CDC 6600 FTA V3.0-P270 OPT=1 03

CCMPASS - VER 2. 01/18/72 11.12.49.

```
IDENT SKIP8
ENTRY SKIP8
EXT CPC
VFD 30/5HSKIPB,30/1
SKIPB BSS 1
SX7 A0
SA7 SAVA0
SA2 A1+1
SA1 X2
SA1 X1
NZ X3,SKIPFIL
RJ CPC
VFD 18/3,2/1,22/1,18/6408
EQ RET
SKIPFIL SA4 ARG
LX3 18
BX6 X3+X4
SA6 ARGLOC
RJ CPC
ARGLOC BSS 1
RET SA5 SAVA0
SA0 X5
EQ SKIPB
SAVA0 BSS 1
ARG VFD 18/3,2/1,22/0,4/178,14/6408
END
STORAGE USED 26 STATEMENTS
6600 ASSEMBLY 0.121 SECONDS 7 SYMBOLS
16 REFERENCES
```

```

IDENT CPYBUF
ENTRY CPYBUF
VFO 3E/6HCFYBUF,24/5
CPYBUF BSS 1
SB7 1
SC6 B7+B7
SA2 A1+B7
SA3 A1+B6
SA4 A2+B6
SA5 A3+B6
SX6 A0
SA6 AZERO
BX7 X5
SA7 IER
MX7 0
SA7 X5
SA7 FLAG
BX6 X1
SA6 BOUNDS
BX7 X2
SA7 A6+B7
SA1 X3+B7
SA2 A1+B7
BX6 X1
BX7 X2
SA1 A2+B7
SA2 A1+B7
SA6 SAVE
SA7 A6+B7
BX6 X1
BX7 X2
SA6 A7+B7
SA7 A6+B7
SA1 X4+B7
SA2 A1+B7
SA6 A7+B7
SA7 A6+B7
SA1 A2+B7
SA2 A1+B7
SA6 A7+B7
SA7 A6+B7
BX6 X1
BX7 X2
SA6 A7+B7
SA7 A6+B7
SA1 BOUNDS
SR2 X1
SA2 A1+B7
SB1 X2
SA1 X3+B7
MX0 42
SX7 B2
BX6 X1*X0
BX6 X6*X7
SA6 X3+B7
SA7 A6+B7
SA7 A7+B7

```

COMPASS - VER 2. 01/16/72 11.12.50.

SA1 A1+B3
SX2 B1
BX6 X1*X0
BX7 X6*X2
SA7 A7+B7
SX1 12B
SA2 X3
BX6 X0*X2
BX7 X6*X1
SA7 X3
SA1 CIOWORO
BX6 X1*X3
SA6 B7
RECALL S5 B7
NZ X5,RECALL
SA1 X3
SX0 370008
BX2 X1*X0
ZR X2,OK
SX0 30008
BX2 X1*X0
NZ X2,EOI
SA5 IER
BX6 X1
SA6 X5
EQ RETURN
SX2 7400338
MX0 42
BX6 X0*X1
BX6 X6*X2
SA6 X3
SA2 FLAG
NZ X2,RETURN
SX6 B7
SA2 IER
SA6 X2
EQ RETURN
SX0 778
BX7 X0*X1
SX0 338
IX6 X7-X0
ZR X6,RETURN
SA1 X3+B7
SA2 X4+B7
MX0 42
BX6 -X0*X1
BX7 X0*X2
BX7 X6*X7
SA7 A2
SA1 A1+B7
BX6 X1
SA6 A7+B7
SA2 A1+B7
BX7 X2
SA7 A6+B7
SA1 A2+B7
SA2 A7+B7

CCMPASS - VER 2. 01/18/72 11.12.50.

BX6 -X0*X1
BX7 X0*X2
BX7 X6*X7
SA7 A2
SX6 B7
SA7 FLAG
SA1 X3
SA2 X4
SB3 X1
SX6 B3+3
BX7 X0*X2
BX7 X6*X7
SA7 X4
SA1 C10WORD
BX6 X1+X4
SA6 B7
RECALLA SA5 B7
NZ X5,RECALLA
SA1 X4
SX0 370008
BX2 X1*X0
ZR X2,OKA
S15 IER
BX6 X1
SA6 X5
EQ RETURN
OKA SB1 -378
SB2 X1+B1
NE B2,LOOP
RETURN SA1 SAVE
SA2 A1+B7
MX0 42
SA5 X3+B7
BX6 -X0*X1
BX5 X0*X5
BX6 X6*X5
BX7 X2
SA1 A2+B7
SA2 A1+B7
SA5 X3+4
SA6 X3+B7
SA7 A6+B7
BX6 X1
BX7 -X0*X2
BX5 X0*X5
BX7 X7+X5
SA6 A7+B7
SA7 A6+B7
SA1 A2+B7
SA2 A1+B7
SA5 X4+B7
BX6 -X0*X1
BX5 X0*X5
BX6 X6*X5
BX7 X2
SA1 A2+B7
SA2 A1+B7

COMPASS - VER 2. 01/16/72 11.12.50.

```
SAS X4+4
SA6 X4+87
SA7 A6+87
BX6 X1
BX7 -X0*X2
BX5 X0*X5
BX7 X7*X5
SA6 A7+87
SA7 A6+87
SA1 AZERO
SA0 X1
EQ CPYBUF
IER BSS 1
AZERO BSS 1
BOUNDS BSS 2
FLAG BSS 1
SAVE BSS 8
C10H0RD WFO 18/3HC10,2/1,40/0
END
STORAGE USED 190 STATEMENTS 14 SYMBOLS
6600 ASSEMBLY 0.536 SECONDS 42 REFERENCES
```

SUBROUTINE NEWFIL

CDC 6600 FTR V3.0-P270 OPT=1 01

```
      SUBROUTINE NEWFIL(NFILES,TOC,IFILE,J)
      DIMENSION TOC(4,NFILES)
      REWIND 4
      REWIND 40
      5      L=MAX0(2,NFILES)
      K=L
      IF(IIFILE.NE.0.AND.J.EQ.0) K=K-1
      DO 30 I=1,L
      IF(I.NE.2) GO TO 10
      BUFFER OUT(4,1) (TOC,TOC(4,K))
      IF(UNIT(4).GE.L) GO TO 100
      ENDFILE 4
      IF(NFILES.NE.1) CALL CPYFIL(40,0,1)
      GO TC 30
      15     10  IF(I.NE.IFILE) GO TO 20
      IF(NFILES.NE.IFILE) CALL CPYFIL(40,0,1)
      IF(J.NE.0) CALL CPYFIL(J,4,1)
      GO TC 30
      20     20  CALL CPYFIL(40,4,1)
      30  CONTINUE
      REWIND 4
      RETURN
      100   CONTINUE
      PRINT 1
      25     1  FORMAT(* EMPLIB $$$ TOC WRITE PARITY ERROR IN NEWFIL.*)
      CALL ABORT
      END
```

SUBROUTINE POSFIL

CDC 6600 FTR V3.0-P270 OPT=1 0

```
      SUBROUTINE POSFIL(N,LASTF,IFILE)
      COMMON /FILES/FILNAM(9),FETS(9),X(1)
      INTEGER FILNAM,FETS,X
      IF(IFILE.GT.LASTF) GO TO 10
      5      I=FETS(N)
      CALL SKIP8(X(I),LASTF-IFILE+1)
      GO TO 30
      10     JFILES=IFILE-LASTF-1
      IF(JFILES.EQ.0) GO TO 30
      CALL CPYFIL(N,0,JFILES)
      30     LASTF=IFILE-1
      RETURN
      END
```

SUBROUTINE ISIT CDC 6600 FYN V3.0-P292 OPT=1 04

```

      SUBROUTINE ISIT(CHAR,CARD,NCHAR,JUMP,IFILE,TOC,DDATE,JCR,FILNAH)
      COMMON /ARGS/NAME,IVERS,NAMOLD,IVOLD,NREC,NAMREC(100),JTOC,LASTF,
      'IARCH
      INTEGER FILTYP(8),NTYP(8)
      5      INTEGER FILNAM(1)
      DIMENSION CARD(79),TOC(4.1),CHAR(1)
      DIMENSION MODEH(2)
      DIMENSION NUMS(10)
      INTEGER CARD,TOC,DDATE,CHAR
      10     DATA FILTYP/2H80,2H81,2HS0,2HS1,1HL,1HA,1H0,1HI/,NTYP/1,3-2,8,4,5,
      '7,6/
      DATA IB/1H /,MASK/77B/
      DATA MODEH/6HSOURCE,6HBINARY/
      DATA NUMS/1H0,1H1,1H2,1H3,1H4,1H5,1H6,1H7,1H8,1H9/
      15     JUMP=0
      NAME=IB
      IST=1
      CALL NEXTHD(CARD,IST,NAME,JFLAG)
      IF(JFLAG.EQ.0) GO TO 10
      20     PRINT 1,CARD
      1     FORMAT(* EMPLIB $$$ IMPROPER DIRECTIVE ON CARD.**,79A1)
      10    CONTINUE
      DO 40 JUMP=1,NCHAR
      IF(CHAR(JUMP).EQ.NAME) GO TO 50
      25    40    CONTINUE
      PRINT 2,NAME,CARD
      2     FORMAT(* EMPLIB $$$ UNRECOGNIZABLE DIRECTIVE.**,A10,***,79A1)
      JUMP=0
      RETURN
      30    50    CONTINUE
      IF(JUMP.EQ.27) RETURN
      IF(JUMP.EQ.13) GO TO 300
      IF(JUMP.EQ.21) GO TO 500
      IF(JCR.EQ.0) GO TO 55
      35    IF(JUMP.GE.13.AND.JUMP.NE.17.AND.JUMP.NE.15) GO TO 55
      JUMP=0
      PRINT 7,NAME
      7     FORMAT(* EMPLIB $$$ DIRECTIVE REQUIRES TABLE OF CONTENTS, WHICH HA
      'S NOT BEEN CREATED.**,A10)
      RETURN
      40    55    IF(JUMP.EQ.10.OR.JUMP.EQ.16) RETURN
      IF(JUMP.EQ.24) RETURN
      IF(JUMP.EQ.25.OR.JUMP.EQ.26) GO TO 800
      IF(JUMP.EQ.22.OR.JUMP.EQ.23) GO TO 700
      45    NAME=IB
      CALL NEXTHD(CARD,IST,NAME,JFLAG)
      IF(JFLAG.NE.1.OR.(JUMP.NE.19.AND.JUMP.NE.20)) GO TO 56
      IFILE=0
      GO TO 600
      50    56    CONTINUE
      IF(JFLAG) 70,80,60
      60    CONTINUE
      PRINT 3,NAME,CARD
      3     FORMAT(* EMPLIB $$$ CANNOT FIND PROGRAM NAME ON CARD.**,79A1)
      JUMP=0

```

SUBROUTINE ISIT

CDC 6600 FTN V3.0-P292 OPT=1 04

```
      RETURN
 70   CONTINUE
      PRINT 4,NAME,CARD
 4   FORMAT(* EMPLIB $$$ PROGRAM NAME TOO LONG.**,A10,***,79A1)
      JUMP=0
      RETURN
 80   CONTINUE
      IVERS=19
      CALL NEXTWD(CARD,IST,IVERS,JFLAG)
 60   IF(JFLAG.GE.0) GO TO 100
      PRINT 5,IVERS,CARD
 5   FORMAT(* EMPLIB $$$ VERSION NAME TOO LONG.**,A10,***,79A1)
      JUMP=0
      RETURN
 70   100  CONTINUE
      IF(JFLAG.EQ.1) IST=IST-1
      IF(JUMP.EQ.14.OR.JUMP.EQ.15) RETURN
      N=TOC(4,2)
      MODE=1
 75   IF(JUMP.EQ.29) MODE=2
      IF(JUMP.EQ.3.OR.JUMP.EQ.5.OR.JUMP.EQ.9) MODE=2
      IF(JUMP.EQ.1.OR.JUMP.EQ.7.OR.JUMP.EQ.12.OR.(JUMP.GE.18.AND.JUMP.LE
     '20)) MODE=?
      DO 160 IFILE=1,N
 80   IF(TOC(1,IFILE).EQ.MODE.AND.TOC(1,IFILE).EQ.NAME.AND.TOC(2,IFILE).-
     'EQ.IVERS) GO TO 170
      IF(JUMP.NE.1.OR.TOC(4,IFILE).NE.MODE.OR.TOC(1,IFILE).NE.NAME) GO T
     'O 160
      C RUN
 85   IVERS=TOC(2,IFILE)
      RETURN
 160  CONTINUE
      IF(JUMP.EQ.6.OR.JUMP.EQ.7) GO TO 180
      PRINT 6,NAME,IVERS
 90   6   FORMAT(* EMPLIB $$$ *,2A10,* NOT IN TOC.*)
      JUMP=0
      RETURN
 170  CONTINUE
      IF(JUMP.EQ.6.OR.JUMP.EQ.7) GO TO 185
      C RUN, COPY, COPYB, KEEP, AND KEEP8
 95   IF(JUMP.EQ.1.OR.JUMP.EQ.2.OR.JUMP.EQ.3.OR.JUMP.EQ.11.OR.JUMP.EQ.12
     '3) RETURN
      IF(JUMP.NE.4.AND.JUMP.NE.5) GO TO 190
      C CHANGE AND CHANGE8
 100  RETURN
 180  CONTINUE
      C ADD AND ADD8
 105  IFILE=TOC(4,2)+1
      TOC(4,2)=IFILE
      TOC(1,IFILE)=NAME
      TOC(2,IFILE)=IVERS
      TOC(3,IFILE)=OCATE
      TOC(4,IFILE)=JUMP-5
      RETURN
 110  185  CONTINUE
```

SUBROUTINE ISIT

CDC 6600 FTN V3.0-P292 OPT=1 04

```
        J=TOC(4,IFILE)
        PRINT 11,IFILE,MODEH(J),(TOC(I,IFILE),I=1,3)
11      FORMAT(* EMPLIB $$$ ADDING FILE ALREADY IN TOC IS NOT PERMITTED. *
* FILE IS *,I2,* FILE (*,A7,3A10,*)*)
115     JUMP=0
        RETURN
190     IF(JUMP.NE.0.AND.JUMP.LT.0) GO TO 210
C      DROP AND DROPS
        IF(IFILE.GT.2) RETURN
120     PRINT 8
3      FORMAT(* EMPLIB $$$ DROPPING LIBRARIAN OR TABLE OF CONTENTS IS NOT
* PERMITTED.*)
        JUMP=0
        RETURN
125     210 IF(JUMP.NE.17.AND.JUMP.NE.18) GO TO 600
C      RENAME AND RENAMEB
        CALL NEXTWD(CARD,IST,NAME,JFLAG)
        IF(JFLAG.EQ.1) GO TO 220
215     PRINT 12,CARD
130     12 FORMAT(* EMPLIB $$$ MISSING COMMA.*,*79A1)
        JUMP=0
        RETURN
220     NAME=IB
        CALL NEXTWD(CARD,IST,NAME,JFLAG)
135     IF(JFLAG) 230,250,240
230     PRINT 4,NAME,CARD
        JUMP=0
        RETURN
240     PRINT 3,NAME,CARD
        JUMP=0
        RETURN
250     IVERS=IB
        CALL NEXTWD(CARD,IST,IVERS,JFLAG)
        IF(JFLAG.GE.0) GO TO 260
145     255 PRINT 5,IVERS,CARD
        JUMP=0
        RETURN
260     CONTINUE
150     NAHOLD=TOC(1,IFILE)
        IVOLD=TOC(2,IFILE)
        TOC(1,IFILE)=NAME
        TOC(2,IFILE)=IVERS
        RETURN
300     CONTINUE
155     C  CREATE
        TOC(1,2)=3HTOC
        TOC(2,2)=IB
        TOC(3,2)=DDATE
        TOC(4,2)=2
160     TOC(1,1)=6HEMPLIB
        TOC(2,1)=IB
        TOC(3,1)=DDATE
        TOC(4,1)=2
        JCR=0
        RETURN
165
```

SUBROUTINE ISIT

CDC 6600 FTN V3.0-P292 OPT=1 94

```
500  CONTINUE
C FILES
510  CALL NEXTWD(CARD,IST,NAME,JFLAG)
    IF(JFLAG.EQ.2) RETURN
170    IF(JFLAG) 520,530,510
    520  PRINT 13,NAME,CARD
    13  FORMAT(* EMPLIB $$$ WORD IS TOO LONG.",*,A10,***79A1)
    JUMP=0
    RETURN
175    530  CONTINUE
    DO 540 I=1,8
    IF(NAME.EQ.FILTYP(I)) GO TO 550
    540  CONTINUE
    PRINT 14,NAME,FILTYP
180    14  FORMAT(* EMPLIB $$$ FILE TYPE *,A10,* IS NOT ONE OF THE ALLOWED FO
    'RMS *,8A3,*.*)
    JUMP=0
    RETURN
    550  IFILE=NTYP(I)
    CALL NEXTWD(CARD,IST,NAME,JFLAG)
    IF(JFLAG) 520,560,540
    560  CALL SWAPFIL(IFILE,NAME)
    IF(IFILE.NE.4.AND.IFILE.NE.5) GO TO 510
    IF(IFILE.EQ.4) GO TO 570
190    REWIND 5
    IARCH=0
    GO TO 510
    570  REWIND 4
    LASTF=0
    JT0C=0
    GO TO 510
    630  CONTINUE
C REFUSE AND SELECT
    IF(JUMP.NE.19.AND.JUMP.NE.20) GO TO 700
200    NREC=0
    KFLAG=0
    610  CALL NEXTWD(CARD,IST,NAME,JFLAG)
    IF(JFLAG.EQ.2) GO TO 640
    IF(JFLAG) 520,620,630
    620  NREC=NREC+1
    IF(NREC.GT.100) GO TO 650
    NAMREC(NREC)=NAME
    KFLAG=0
    GO TO 610
210    630  KFLAG=1
    GO TO 610
    640  IF(KFLAG.EQ.0) RETURN
    READ 15,CARD
    15  FORMAT(79A1)
    PRINT 16,CARD
    16  FORMAT(1X,79A1)
    KFLAG=0
    IST=1
    GO TO 610
215    650  PRINT 17
```

SUBROUTINE ISIT

CDC 6630 FTN V3.0-P292 OPT=1 04

```
17  FORMAT(* EMPLIB $$$ MORE THAN 100 RECORD NAMES GIVEN -- TOO MANY.*  
'  
  JUMP=0  
  RETURN  
225  700  CONTINUE  
     IF(JUMP.NE.22.AND.JUMP.NE.23) GO TO 930  
C  REWIND AND ENDFILE  
  NAME=IB  
  CALL NEXTWD(CARD,IST,NAME,JFLAG)  
230  IF(JFLAG.EQ.0) GO TO 710  
  PRINT 18,NAME,CARD  
18  FORMAT(* EMPLIB $$$ ILLEGAL FILE TYPE.*",A10,***,79A1)  
  JUMP=0  
  RETURN  
235  710  DO 720 I=1,8  
     IF(NAME.E2.FILTYP(I)) GO TO 730  
 720  CONTINUE  
  PRINT 14,NAME,FILTYP  
  JUMP=0  
240  RETURN  
 730  J=I  
  I=NTYP(I)  
  IF(JUMP.EQ.23) GO TO 750  
  IF(I.NE.6.AND.I.NE.7.AND.I.NE.4) GO TO 740  
245  735  PRINT 19,CHAR(JUMP),FILTYP(J)  
19  FORMAT(* EMPLIB $$$ *,A10,* IS AN ILLEGAL DIRECTIVE FOR THE FILE T  
'YPE *,A2,*")  
  JUMP=0  
  RETURN  
250  740  REWIND I  
  NAME=7HREWOUND  
 745  PRINT 20,NAME,FILTYP(J),FILNAM(I)  
20  FORMAT(* EMPLIB $$$ *,A9,A2,* FILE NAMED *,A7,*")  
  RETURN  
255  750  IF(I.NE.1.AND.I.NE.2) GO TO 735  
  ENDFILE I  
  NAME=8HENDFILED  
  GO TO 745  
500  CONTINUE  
260  C  SKIP AND SKIPB  
  CALL NEXTWD(CARD,IST,NAME,JFLAG)  
  IF(JFLAG.NE.2) GO TO 810  
  IFILE=1  
  RETURN  
265  810  IF(JFLAG.EQ.0) GO TO 820  
  PRINT 21,NAME  
21  FORMAT(* EMPLIB $$$ ILLEGAL NUMBER.*",A10)  
  JUMP=0  
  RETURN  
270  820  IFILE=0  
  I=SHIFT(MASK,54)  
  DO 850 J=1,3  
  L=I.AND.NAME  
  IF(L.EQ.(I.AND.ID)) RETURN  
  DO 830 K=1,10
```

SUBROUTINE ISIT

CNC 6600 FTN V3.0-P292 OPT=1 04

```
IF(L.EQ.(I.AND.SHIFT(NUMS(K),66-6*j))) GO TO 840
830  CONTINUE
      PRINT 21, NAME
      JUMP=0
280   RETURN
      840  IFILE=10*IFILE+K-1
      850  I=SHIFT(I,54)
      RETURN
900   CONTINUE
285   C REPLACE AND REPLACEB
      NAMOLD=TOC(1,IFILE)
      IVOLD=TOC(2,IFILE)
      CALL NEXTWD(CARD,IST,NAME,JFLAG)
      IF(JFLAG.NE.1) GO TO 215
290   NAME=IB
      CALL NEXTWD(CARD,IST,NAME,JFLAG)
      IF(JFLAG)230,920,240
      920  IVERS=IB
      CALL NEXTWD(CARD,IST,IVERS,JFLAG)
      IF(JFLAG.LT.0) GO TO 255
      GO TO 260
      END
```

SUBROUTINE NEXTWD

COC 6600 FTA V3.0-P270 OPT=1 01

```
      SUBROUTINE NEXTWD(CARD,IST,NAME,JFLAG)
      INTEGER CARD(1)
      C      JFLAG=-1 IS EROR, 0 IS NORMAL RETURN, 1 IS COMMA, 2 IS EMPTY CARD
      5      NAME=1H
      JFLAG=2
      IF(IST.GT.79) RETURN
      DO 10 I=IST,79
      IF(CARD(I).EQ.1H,) GO TO 40
      IF(CARD(I).EQ.1H,) GO TO 15
      10      IF(CARD(I).NE.1H ) GO TO 20
      10      CONTINUE
      15      IST=80
      RETURN
      20      I=I-1
      15      JFLAG=0
      DO 30 J=1,11
      IST=J+1
      IF(IST.GT.79) RETURN
      IF(CARD(IST).EQ.1H,) RETURN
      20      IF(CARD(IST).EQ.1H ) RETURN
      IF(J.LT.11) CALL APPEND(J,CARD(IST),NAME)
      30      CONTINUE
      JFLAG=-1
      RETURN
      25      40      IST=I+1
      JFLAG=1
      RETURN
      END
```

SUBROUTINE APPEND

CDC 6600 FTN V3.0-P270 OPT=1 01

5
SUBROUTINE APPEND(I,CHAR,X)
DATA MASK/778/
ITEMP=SHIFT(MASK,60-6*I)
JTEMP=SHIFT(CHAR,6-6*I)
JTEMP=ITEMP.AND.JTEMP
X=X.OR.JTEMP
RETURN
END

SUBROUTINE CPYREC

COC 6600 FTR V3.0-P270 OPT=1 0

```
SUBROUTINE CPYREC(IIN,IOUT,NAMREC,NREC)
COPMCA /MXC/MX
COMMON //LMAX,A(1)
DIMENSION NAMREC(1)
5      INTEGER A
DATA MASK/77B/,IB/1H /
N=IAES(NREC)
10     CONTINUE
      BUFFER IN(IIN,1) (A,A(LMAX))
15     IF(UNIT(IIN)) 30,20,100
      20     PPRINT 1
      1     FORMAT(50X,*-END OF COPY-*)
      RETURN
      30     L=LENGTH(IIN)
      IF(L.EC.0) GO TO 90
      MX=MAX0(MX,L)
      IX=IE
      DO 40 I=1,7
      M=SHIFT(MASK,60-S*I)
      20     IF((A(2).AND.M).EQ.0) GO TO 50
      IX=(IX.AND..NOY.M).OR.(A(2).AND.M)
      40     CONTINUE
      50     DO 80 I=1,N
      IF(IX.EQ.NAMREC(I).AND.NREC.LT.0) GO TO 60
      IF(IX.EQ.NAMREC(I).AND.NREC.GT.0) GO TO 70
      IF(I.EQ.1.AND.NREC.GT.0) GO TO 60
      IF(I.EQ.N) GO TO 70
      GO TO 80
      60     BUFFER OUT(ICUT,1) (A,A(L))
      IF(UNIT(IOUT).GE.0) GO TO 110
      PRINT 2,IX
      2     FORMAT(45X,A7)
      GO TO 10
      70     PRINT 3,IX
      3     FORMAT(60X,A7)
      GO TO 10
      80     CONTINUE
      GO TO 10
      90     CONTINUE
      40     PRINT E
      6     FORMAT(60X,*EMPTY RECORD ENCOUNTERED*)
      GO TO 10
      100    PRINT 4
      4     FORMAT(* EMPLIE $$$ READ ERROR IN CPYREC.*)
      CALL ABORT
      110    PRINT 5
      5     FORMAT(* EMPLIE $$$ WRITE ERROR IN CPYREC.*)
      CALL ABORT
      END
```